Improving the inpatient referral system in the acute medical unit

Authors: Anant Gurung, ^A Nikhil Patel, ^A Karen Sarmiento, ^A Thomas Hickman-Casey, ^A Allen Shakya, ^A Rabia Kiani ^A and Wut Yee Thazar ^A

EASTBOURNE DISTRICT GENERAL HOSPITAL SPECIALITY REFERRAL PATHWAY Site Cuckmere eSearcher, Mylist Rena RSCH Switch board 01273696955 Bleep:8031(RSCH Renal spr) eSearcher, My list Neurology SPR or Oncall Neuro consultant via switchboard Neurology Contact Neurology SPR/Oncal secretary E3702 Haematology Reg B 0101 Haem Reg B 0101 Rheumatology Westham eSearcher, Mylist B 0482 Sec E3714 Endocrine Dermatolo Clinic on Tuesday, Wednesda and Friday AO nurse 07833046869 ward in EDGH/ U/833046869 AO secretary E 8391 Oncology Reg, RSCH(out of hrs) E #61202, 01273696955 se for OP clinic referrals)

Fig 1. Hospital referral pathway poster.

EASTBOURNE DISTRICT GENERAL HOSPITAL SPECIALITY REFERRAL PATHWAY

TAL	East Sussex Healthca	re Wis	

SDEC(Same Day	Reception E 4012, E735383, E735384								
Emergency Care)	Referral: eSearcher, patient documents through generate and send								
	Alternatively Discuss with SDEC consultant/Drop in referral in person (purplezone. Level 2)								
Orthopaedics	Ortho Reg B2617 or Ortho SHO B2901 or Fracture Clinic E4113								
General Surgery		rgical Reg oncall B 0892							
Vascular	RSCH,Brighton								
		Switch board 01273 696955 Vascular reg Bleep 8004							
	Vascular nurse specialist in EDGH B 4746								
Urology	Hailsham	Urology Reg E	3 0645		Esht.edghurology	medsecs@nhs.net			
ENT		ENT Reg onca	II E 4262		Dimakatso.babari	no@nhs.net			
					Esht.surgialfollowupappts@nhs.net				
Max Fax	EDGH	Reception E 3117			esht.edghomfs@nhs.net				
Max Fax	OutPatient	neceptiones	***		cant.cugnomager	manec			
	AreaA								
Neurosurgery	RSCH,Brighton	Through (http	n://www.refera	nation	org/Home/index1				
recurosurgery		nton Through (http://www.referapatient.org/Home/index) Please add a new document on eSearcher and insert the referral code generated after							
			e online neuro			ran couc generate	- Ditte		
Ophthalmology	EDGH/ OP	E 3016	ic omme neuro	roi great		gycasualtyEDGH@nhs.	nat		
Ophthalmology	AreaB		ral and drop in I	Eve	esir-tr.optilaliliolo	gycasuaityEDOH@ilib.	liet		
	Eve Clinic	Clinic in OP A		cyc					
Dough Halana	EDGH/	E 5753	icab	-					
Psych liaison	Psychiatry	E 5753 SPNT.EastbourneLiaisonService@nhs.net							
		or a reasonnine ration service for the reasons and the reasons are reasons and the reasons are reasons and the reasons are rea							
Obstetrics and	department	-1 1-				1101			
		Obs and Gyna	se Reg B 0121		esht.obsandgynae	secsedgh@nhs.net			
Gynaecology									
ITU	EDGH	ITU Reg B 0891							
		ITU Unit E492							
Anaesthetics	EDGH	Anaesthetics Reg B 0 8 9 1							
Speech and	EDGH	e-searcher, n	atient documer	nt – eles	tronic referral form	- Adult Speech and Lan	guage refer		
Language Therapy	LD GIT	form		ent document – electronic referral form - Adult Speech and Language referra					
Diabetes Team	EDGH	e-searcher n	atient documer	nt - elec	ectronic referral form				
Diabetes ream	LDON	e-searcher, patient document - electronic referral form E 4902, DSN Mobile 07773 649751, Diabetes Centre 01323414902							
Palliative team	EDGH	Call 07813430421							
Parkinson Team	EDGH	E3738							
Pain Team	EDGH	Extranet, Acute pain Service							
Pain Team	EDGH	E 133059	ite pain service						
Dementia Team	EDGH		mentia Care Tea						
Dementia ream	EDGH	Extranet, Der	nentia care Tea	mi refe	i di				
U	FROM					100 - 15 1 - 10	D-1		
Heart failure Team	EDGH			nts thro	ugn generate and se	nd (Heart Failure Nurse	e Keterral)		
		If urgent - BO	1303						
linehomietes.	E 4647	terventional	E 5970	VP	E 4065	Ultrasound Do-t	EAAES		
Biochemistry			E 5879	XR	E 4066	Ultrasound Dept	E 4462		
		ediology	F 3004	67	E 440-	No. de como de d	E 2447		
laematology lab	E 6624 E	tho Dept	E 3801	CT	E 4487	Nuclear medicine	E 3417		
Blood Bank			-						
Microbiology	E 3070 E	ndoscopy	E 4215	MRI	E 5783				

Introduction

The acute medical unit (AMU) receives high number of acutely unwell patients with variety of medical conditions. For an AMU to function well, it needs to maintain strong links with all hospital specialties. Specialist team input is part of patient care. An efficient referral pathway is vital for timely management of acute patients. In our AMU, we found that patients were waiting longer for specialty team review. This impacted on patient care, discharge and flow of patients to and from the AMU.

Author: AEastbourne District General Hospital, Eastbourne, UK

Aim

To improve the inpatient specialty referral system in our AMU.

Objectives

- > To identify:
 - time taken for review of the patient after referral to specialty team from AMU
 - > any impact on length of stay of patients in hospital due to delay in specialty review
 - > specialty team referral process.
- > To reduce delay:
 - > for specialty team review
 - > improve method of referral
 - > improve junior doctors' efficiency in the AMU.

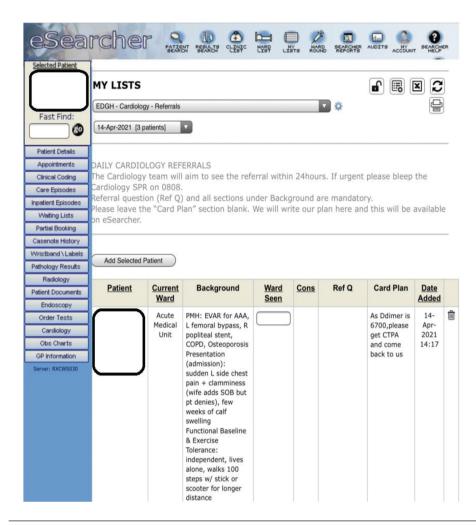


Fig 2. Electronic referral system for all specialties.

Materials and methods

- > Location: AMU, Eastbourne District General Hospital (EDGH).
- Time: 16 November 4 December 2020: 3 weeks' continuous data.
- Study patients: all patients admitted to the AMU who required specialist input after the consultant post-take ward round.
- > Data collected:
 - > date of referral
 - > specialty referred
 - > date/time seen by the specialty team
 - > discharges from AMU whether a delay in referral is present.
 - > Source: Medical notes, eSearcher, Evolve.
 - > Data analysed: MS Excel, Google Survey.

Results and discussion

- > 185 of 475 (39%) patients were referred to a specialty.
- > Eight (4%) referrals were missed by the junior doctor, despite planned on post-take.
- > The top five specialties for referrals were gastroenterology (22%), cardiology (16%), respiratory (11%), oncology (11%) and mental health team/psychiatry (6%).
- > 24 (13.6%) patients were identified as having an avoidably delayed discharge due to delayed specialty review.

 Of all the referrals, only 53.1% of referrals were seen by the specialty team within 24 hours, 22.03% in 24–48 hours, 7.9% in >48 hours. 16.96% of referrals were omitted due to missing data.

Common causes of delays included paper referral requiring hand delivery, limited accessibility and communication, lack of junior doctor awareness, increased admin work and duplication, impact of the pandemic.

Interventions/actions:

- Electronic referral system for all specialties. Key advantages included faster submission, paperless, secure, minimising errors, shared access and improved communication between referrer and reviewer.
- Hospital referral pathway poster (mobile phones, intranet accessibility), see Fig 1.

Reaudit and outcome:

- > June 2021, 155 patients.
- Specialties on board with the electronic referral pathway in EDGH: respiratory, cardiology, gastroenterology, endocrine, neurology, acute oncology, rheumatology.
- > Patients seen within 24 hours of referral increased from 53% to 91%, those seen within 24–48 hours reduced from 22.03% to 9%.
- > No referrals were seen after 48 hours. Previously 7.9%.
- No discharge delays from AMU were due to delayed specialty referrals seen. Previously 13.6%.

- > No referrals were missed by junior doctors. Previously 4%.
- Post-intervention, a junior doctors' survey showed that 100% preferred the electronic referral system to paper and agreed that it was easy and straightforward. 87.5% of doctors had made a referral while being on call, rather than leaving it for the ward team after liaising with the registrar/consultant.
- Overall reduction in ward work by 16.7 mins per referral (time from generating to submission).
- Immediate benefit also to referrals generated from wards outside AMU which adopted the same platform.
- > Adoption by acute oncology team is cross-site and expanding.

Conclusion

We have shown that the flow of patients through the AMU can be improved by streamlining the hospital referral system. This provides timely patient care, ensuring a positive patient experience while in hospital. An electronic referral system was found to be an efficient means of making an inpatient referral. This project has also helped improve junior doctor morale, efficiency and communication, which had a positive impact given the challenges of the pandemic in the hospital.

References

- 1 Royal College of Physcians. Acute internal medicine services: acute medical unit: scope of care:-specialty in-reach to AMU. RCP, 2018. www.rcpmedicalcare.org.uk/designing-services/specialties/acute-internal-medicine/services-delivered/acute-medical-unit [Accessed 18 March 2022].
- 2 Royal College of Physcians. Acute internal medicine: designing services. RCP, 2018. www.rcpmedicalcare.org.uk/designingservices/specialties/acute-internal-medicine [Accessed 18 March 2022].