Physical health assessment and medicines reconciliation on admission to an acute mental health unit: a quality improvement project

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Introduction

Patients with mental health disorders are at high risk of concomitant physical health problems. Also, medicine reconciliation can help reduce prescribing errors. The aim of this project was to increase the completion rate of physical health assessments and medicines reconciliations at an acute mental health day hospital in accordance with local/national standards. ^{2,3}

Methods

Patient clerking documentation was audited for completion of physical assessments and medicines reconciliation on four occasions: baseline, 2 months after the first intervention, 2 months later (following the trial of an online record-keeping system), and, finally, prior to a third intervention (twice-weekly 'board round' and dedicated weekly 'physical health' clinics) being implemented.

Results

At baseline (n = 33), 16 (49%) had a physical examination, 15 (46%) had an electrocardiogram (ECG), 17 (52%) had baseline bloods and four (12%) had a completed medicine reconciliation form. After the second and third intervention (n = 31), these figures increased substantially to 81%, 81%, 74% and 74% respectively.

Conclusions

Physical health assessments and medicines reconciliation are important components of clerking in psychiatry. The interventions introduced so far have improved the completion rate, thereby improving patient care.

References

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