

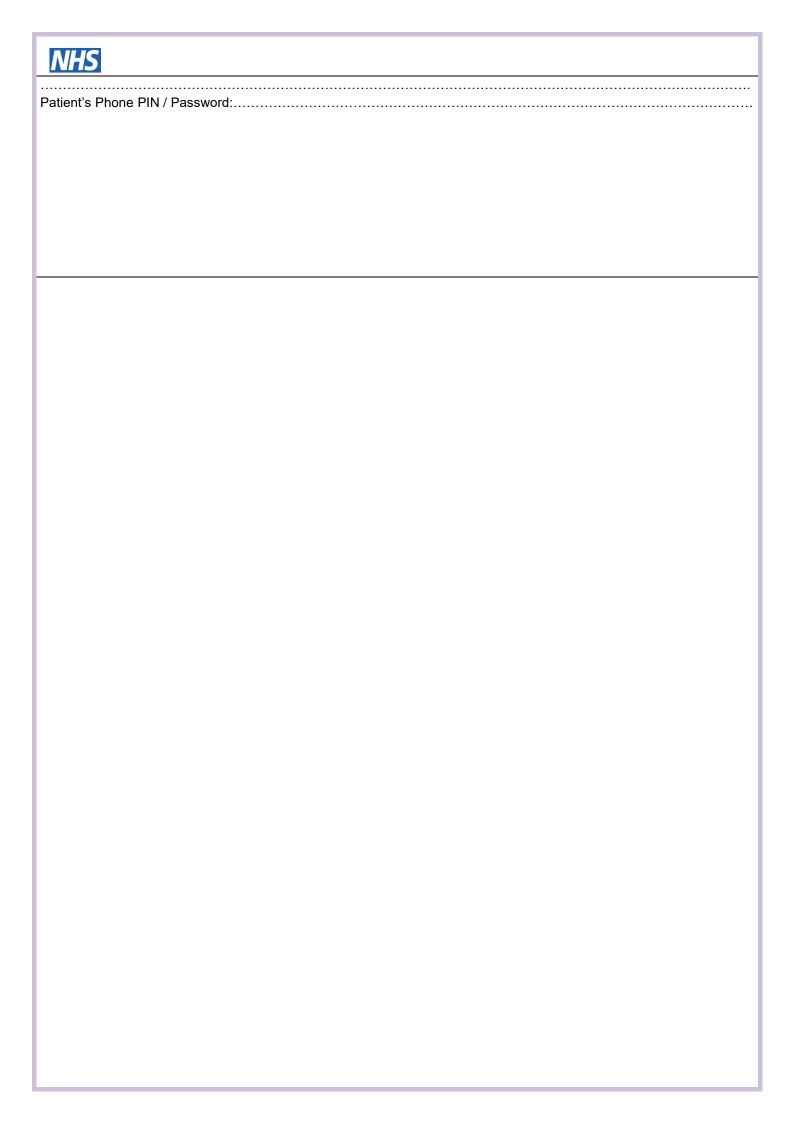
# Last Days of Life Individualised Care Plan for patients dying with suspected or confirmed COVID-19

This Care Plan should only be used in adults aged 18+ during the COVID-19 outbreak

Last Days of Life Individualised Care Plan SHOULD ONLY BE COMMENCED AFTER:

- MDT & Treatment Escalation Plan has indicated that the patient is for supportive care only & is felt to be dying.
- Ideally the patient and family will be included in decision making, but the patient may have become ill and

deteriorated so quickly this may not be possible; family may also be unwell, socially isolating or unable to visit the hospital. All attempts should be made to contact family by phone.								
Individualised Care Plan for: (insert name)								
Next of Kin (NOK) Contact Details:								
Primary contact:	Further information about primary contact:							
Name & relationship:	Visiting Patient: Yes / No							
Contact No: 1)	If Yes, Visitor has been taught how to use PPE							
Contact No: 2)	Visitor is self-isolating: Alone							
Second contact (if primary uncontactable):	Or with other family members —							
Name / relationship:	Primary Contact wishes to be contacted at:							
Contact No:	Anytime- Day or Night							
	Only during daytime, NOT overnight							
	Please use the Lilac Communication Sheet to document communication with family.							
Signature of HCP:	Date / time:							
Emotional & Spiritual Support:								
Document any identified emotional and spiritual needs of par	ient and how they are being addressed:							
Plans made to ensure patient and their family (or those important to them) can remain in contact (may be by phone / video) – this will involve using the patient's own phone so please ensure it is kept charged.								



### Patient Name & Hospital Number:

ssessment and Plan of Care		_
Pharmacological Measures	Non Pharmacological Measures	Date & Initials
<ul> <li>Administer prescribed injectable opioid hourly PRN.</li> <li>Start subcutaneous syringe pump with opioid as soon as possible.</li> <li>Review use of oxygen therapy and assess benefit based on clinical response not oxygen saturation levels. Continue oxygen if beneficial to patient, if not weap down</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Do not use fans.</li> <li>Sit upright if feeling very breathless, sometimes leaning forward can help.</li> <li>Repositioning for comfort; try to maintain a calm attitude throughout any interaction.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>As for breathlessness – if already on strong opioids ensure these are continued /</li> </ul>	Repositioning for comfort.	
<ul> <li>Give prescribed cough linctus QDS.</li> <li>If ineffective, give Morphine Sulfate Oral Solution or Morphine Sulfate SC as prescribed.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>Elevate patient's head when sleeping.</li><li>Suck cough drops if able to do so.</li><li>Sips of fluids if tolerated.</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>For agitation- Give Midazolam as prescribed PRN &amp; add to syringe pump if appropriate.</li> <li>Consider increasing the medications in syringe pump.</li> <li>For delirium- Give Haloperidol or Levomepromazine as prescribed &amp; add to syringe pump if appropriate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reassurance and re-orientation.</li> <li>Familiar staff where possible.</li> <li>Contact with family where possible.</li> <li>Bowel and bladder care.</li> </ul>	
Give regular prescribed antipyretics: e.g. Paracetamol.	<ul> <li>Do not use fan therapy</li> <li>Reduce room temperature.</li> <li>Cover patient with just a sheet.</li> <li>Cool the patient's face using a cool flannel.</li> <li>Encourage drinks if patient is able to manage them.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Give Haloperidol as prescribed PRN and monitor effect.</li> <li>Consider adding to the syringe pump if symptoms persist.</li> </ul>	Ensure vomit bowls are to hand.     Keep the room cool.	
<ul> <li>Monitor for respiratory secretions.</li> <li>If secretions present give PRN subcutaneous dose of Glycopyrronium.</li> <li>Ensure syringe pump is prescribed and started (or add to existing syringe pump).</li> </ul>	Avoid suction.     Repositioning may help.	
<ul> <li>For anxiety- Give Midazolam as prescribed hourly PRN &amp; add to syringe pump if appropriate.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Offer frequent reassurance: Explain what is happening and what you are going to do.</li> <li>Facilitate communication with those closest to them.</li> <li>Consider having music playing.</li> </ul>	
	Pharmacological Measures  Administer prescribed injectable opioid hourly PRN. Start subcutaneous syringe pump with opioid as soon as possible. Review use of oxygen therapy and assess benefit based on clinical response not oxygen saturation levels. Continue oxygen if beneficial to patient, if not, wean down.  As for breathlessness – if already on strong opioids ensure these are continued / included in the dose of opioid used. Give prescribed cough linctus QDS. If ineffective, give Morphine Sulfate Oral Solution or Morphine Sulfate SC as prescribed.  For agitation- Give Midazolam as prescribed PRN & add to syringe pump if appropriate. Consider increasing the medications in syringe pump. For delirium- Give Haloperidol or Levomepromazine as prescribed & add to syringe pump if appropriate. Give regular prescribed antipyretics: e.g. Paracetamol.  Give Haloperidol as prescribed PRN and monitor effect. Consider adding to the syringe pump if symptoms persist.  Monitor for respiratory secretions. If secretions present give PRN subcutaneous dose of Glycopyrronium. Ensure syringe pump is prescribed and started (or add to existing syringe pump).  For anxiety- Give Midazolam as prescribed hourly PRN & add to syringe	Administer prescribed injectable opioid hourly PRN.     Start subcutaneous syringe pump with opioid as soon as possible.     Review use of oxygen therapy and assess benefit based on clinical response not oxygen saturation levels. Continue oxygen if beneficial to patient, if not, wean down.      As for breathlessness – if already on strong opioids ensure these are continued / included in the dose of opioid used.      Give prescribed cough linctus QDS. If ineffective, give Morphine Sulfate Oral Solution or Morphine Sulfate SC as prescribed.      For agitation- Give Midazolam as prescribed PRN & add to syringe pump.      For delirium- Give Haloperidol or Levomepromazine as prescribed & add to syringe pump if appropriate.      Give regular prescribed antipyretics: e.g. Paracetamol.      For anxiety- Give Midazolam as prescribed and started (or add to existing syringe pump).      For anxiety- Give Midazolam as prescribed hourly PRN & add to syringe pump if symptoms persist.      Another for respiratory secretions. If secretions present give PRN subcutaneous dose of Glycopyrronium.      Ensure syringe pump is prescribed and started (or add to existing syringe pump).      For anxiety- Give Midazolam as prescribed hourly PRN & add to syringe pump if appropriate.      A void suction.      Offer frequent reassurance: Explain what is happening and what you are going to do.      For anxiety- Give Midazolam as prescribed hourly PRN & add to syringe pump if appropriate.

#### Other Considerations:

- Check the subcutaneous syringe pump every 4 hours and ensure the prescription is reviewed at least once a day. Increase the doses in the syringe pump if needed to reflect the PRN doses that have been required.
- Rather than giving repeated PRN s/c injections, a butterfly line can be inserted and left in place for PRN injections to be administered.

SFD. Adapted from ESHFT LDOLCP Apr 20



Be aware that symptoms might escalate rapidly and medications may need to be displied more quickly than usual.

Contact for advice:

## DAILY ASSESSMENT OF GOALS OF CARE OF THE DYING PATIENT

or affix patient ID sticker here

**Focusing on a Person Centred Care Approach** 

	MANAGEMENT OF SYMPTOMS AND OTHER CARE (e.g. Use of PRN medications of Syringe Driver medications)	or
DAY		
NIGHT		
GOAL:	HOLISTIC NEEDS ADDRESSED (Physical, Emotional, Spiritual, Cultural)	
DAY		
NIGHT		
GOAL :	MOUTH CARE DELIVERED AND ORAL HYGIENE MAINTAINED	
DAY	MOOTH OAKE DELIVERED AND GRAETH GIENE MARKIANED	
NIGHT		
GOAL :	ORAL HYDRATION IS MAINTAINED & ASSISTANCE PROVIDED TO DRINK AS	
	DESIRED	
DAY	Oral hydration estimate: None□, <500ml□, 500-1000ml□, 1000-1500ml□ >1500ml□	
NIGHT	Oral hydration estimate: None□, <500ml□, 500-1000ml□, 1000-1500ml□ >1500ml □	
GOAL :	ORAL NUTRITION MAINTAINED & ASSISTANCE PROVIDED TO EAT AS ABLE/DE	SIRED
DAY		-
NIGHT		
GOAL:	MICTURITION/CATHETERS & BOWEL/STOMA CARE: COMFORT & DIGNITY MAIN	TAINED.
	PRIATE CATHETER CARE AND URINARY SYMPTOMS MAINTAINED	
DAY		
NIGHT		
	HYGIENE, SKIN INTEGRITY AND COMPLICATIONS OF BEING IN BED: COMFORT	AND
DAY	Y MAINTAINED, APPROPRIATE PRESSURE AREA CARE ADDRESSED	
NIGHT		
1110111		



	EVALUATION OF CARE GIVEN	
Date & time		Sign/initial



## **Symptom Observation** Chart for the **Dying Patient**

Brighton and Sussex NHS **University Hospitals** NHS Trust



Patient name: Hospital No: NHS No. D.O.B:

Date patient was recognised as dying: \_\_\_/\_\_/

Record observations at least 4 hourly

or affix patient ID sticker here

as dying/			_																			
Month	Date																					Date
Year	Time																					Time
	3										3											3
Pain	2										2										-	2
(reported or observed)	1										1											1
ouserveuj	0										0											0
	3										3											3
	2										2											2
Nausea	1										1											1
	0										0	Г										0
	2			$\equiv$								=										2
	2					-					3						9	-				3
Vomiting	1										1											1
	0										0											0
				=																		
Breathless-	3										3											3
	1										2											1
ness	0				-					-	 1				-							0
		_	_	_					_		0	느										
	3										3											3
Respiratory	2										2											2
Secretions	1										1											1
	0	_	_	_	_			_			0	느			_	_	_		_	_		0
	3										3										,	3
Agitation/	2										2											2
Distress	1										1											1
	0		_						_		0	_					_				_	0
Other, if	3										3											3
present (state)	2										2											2
present (state)	1										1											1
-	0			$\perp$							0	L										0
Mauthann					П																	
Mouthcare																						
- confirm																						
given																						
HCA signature			$\overline{}$									F										HCA
Registered nurse signature																						Reg Nurse
Doctor signature												$\vdash$										Docto
		_	_		_			_				_	_	_	_	_					 _	

3 = Symptom present, does not resolve with PRN medication	Urgent doctor review of patient and care plan is required for any single symptom score of 3
2 = Symptom present, requires PRN medication to resolve	Care plan continues. If 3 consecutive symptom scores of 2 are present (for any symptom), urgent doctor review of patient and care plan is required
1 = Symptom present, resolved without PRN medication	Care plan continues, consider if adaptions may be required
0 = Symptom absent	Care plan continues



Patient name: Hospital No: NHS No. D.O.B:

				D.O.B:							
				or affix patient ID sticker here							
RECORD OF C	CONTACT WITH FAMILY	//NOK:									
Nominated Ir	ndividual for Communi	cations	<b>s:</b>								
Name			Relationship to patient								
Phone no 1			Phone no 2								
Accepts calls at	any time		No overnight calls								
Date/Time		Sumr	mary of Conversation								
	Ī										